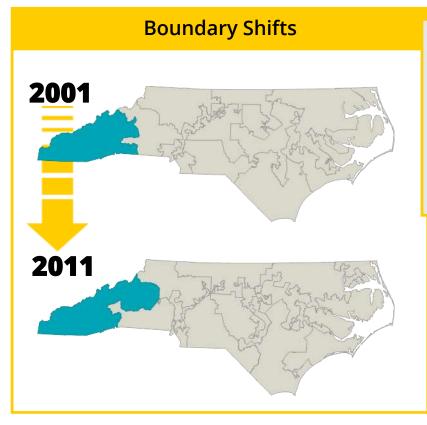
Redistricting North Carolina's U.S. House Seats: District 11, 2001 v. 2011 Boundaries



Deviation from Ideal District Size Prior to Redistricting

2010 Population 703,606

Ideal District Size 733,499

Difference from Ideal -29,893

% Difference from Ideal -4.1%

District 11 is on the westernmost end of North Carolina. Its population in 2010 was 704,000, nearly 30,000 persons or 4.1% less than the ideal district size. During the 2011 redistricting, Polk County and Asheville moved from the 11th District to the 10th. At the same time, all of the western counties removed from the 10th District (Avery, Burke, Caldwell, and Mitchell) were added to the 11th District.

Race Shifts 89% 90% 2001 Boundary 2011 Boundary 4% 3% 7% 7% White Black Other

Ethnic Shifts

6% in 2001 boundary V.

5% in 2011 boundary

Median Age

43.3 in 2001 boundary

43.2 in 2011 boundary

In spite of these additions and subtractions, the demographic characteristics of the 11th Congressional District changed very little during redistricting. The 11th District has the highest proportion of white residents in the state: 90%. Only 3% of the district's residents are black, the lowest rate in the state (reflecting historical settlement patterns and the state's history of plantation slavery), and just over 5% are Hispanic.

The 11th District has the highest median age of the state's 13 districts (43.2) and the highest population proportion 65 and older. Under current district boundaries, nearly 19% of the 11th District's population was 65 or older in 2010 compared to 13% statewide.

Data Source: 2010 Census

