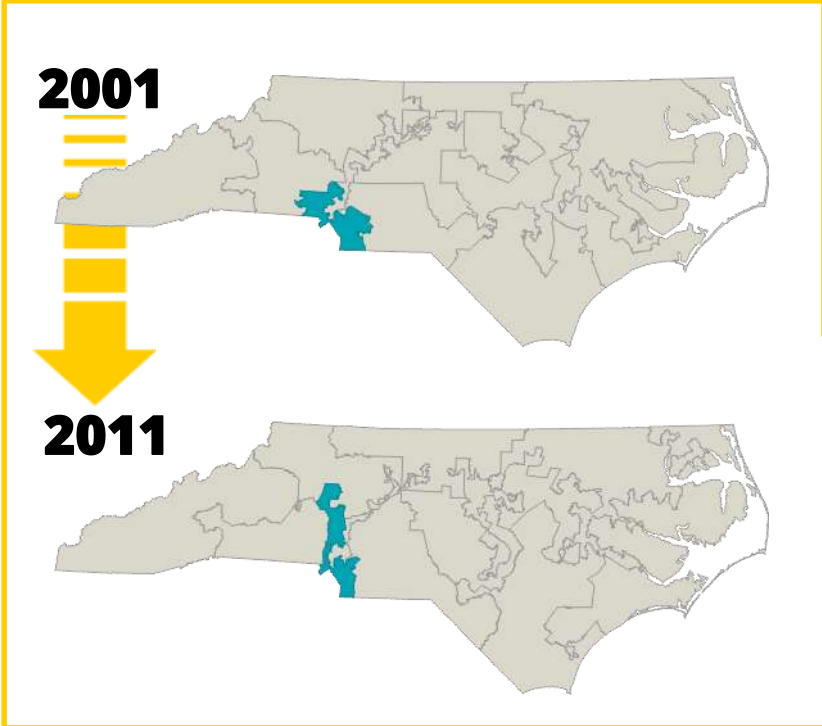


# Redistricting North Carolina's U.S. House Seats: District 9, 2001 v. 2011 Boundaries

## Boundary Shifts

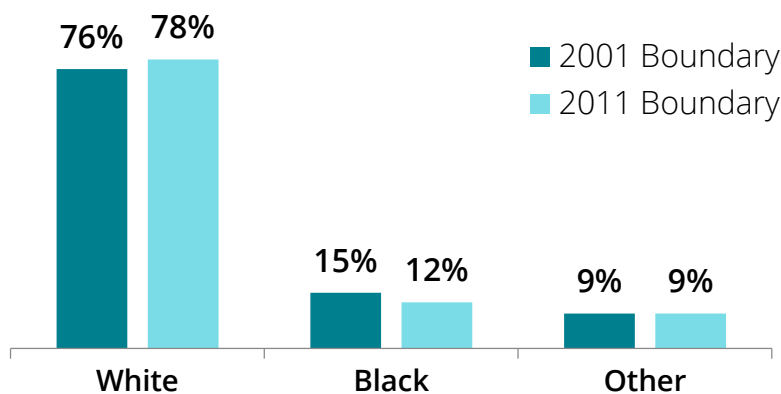


### Deviation from Ideal District Size Prior to Redistricting

2010 Population	852,377
Ideal District Size	<u>733,499</u>
Difference from Ideal	118,878
<b>% Difference from Ideal</b>	<b>16.2%</b>

District 9 contains the bulk of Charlotte's suburbs in Mecklenburg County and a large portion of Charlotte's southern downtown. Between 2000 and 2010, the 9th Congressional District grew by nearly 38%, the highest growth rate of any congressional district in the state. In 2010, the 9th District was nearly 120,000 persons or 16.2% above the ideal district size and needed significant changes to comply with equal population standards.

## Race Shifts



During the 2011 redistricting, District 9 lost more populated parts of Union and Gaston counties and gained a large portion of Iredell County. The District white population share increased slightly (from 75.5% in old boundaries to 78.1% in current boundaries) while the black or African-American population share decreased (from 15.1% to 12.4%). Overall, however, District 9 showed negligible changes in demographic composition compared to some of the other shifts seen statewide.

### Ethnic Shifts

8% in 2001 boundary  
v.  
8% in 2011 boundary

### Median Age

37 in 2001 boundary  
v.  
37 in 2011 boundary

Data Source: 2010 Census